

ANALYSIS STUDENTS DIFFICULTY LEARNING DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

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Keywords:

analysis
mathematics discrete
types of errors

ABSTRACT

The research is a descriptive analysis research, that aims to describe the difficulties faced by students while studying discrete mathematics and the factors that cause difficulties themselves. It is needs to be studied in depth so that discrete mathematics learning for the new semester the difficulties experienced by students can be minimized by the new teaching method by paying attention to class conditions during learning. The subjects of this study were information system student in second semesters (SI 2I), STMIK Royal Kisaran which numbered 33 people. This study aims to examine the results of students learning discrete mathematics, and examine what factors are causing students difficulty learning discrete mathematics. The methods used is a mix method which is qualitative methods and quantitative methods. Data collections as the result of discrete mathematics learning outcomes, and mathematical learning difficulty questionnaire data. The results showed that most students still had difficulty learning discrete mathematics. This is because an average value is 49,79 the value category is in a low range, which is less.

INTRODUCTION

Mathematics is one of the disciplines that has a unique characteristic, which is full of concepts, ranging from simple concepts to complex and abstract concepts. Mathematics requires conceptual understanding, if a concept is not understood, then the next concept based on the previous concept will be difficult or even impossible to understand. System informations exposes students to mathematics discretetes through theory and tutorial which focuses on other topics, standard forms of interpretation given can be in the form of words or verbs, writting, pictures, tables, graphics, concrete objects, mathematical symbol and others [1].

Mathematical problem and mathematical problem solving ability A situation is called a pblem when there is an awareness that the importance of carrying out an action but cannot immediately fulfill it. In the context of formal education, on mathematics are present in the form of question. These problems can be sourced from within mathematics it self, and can also be sourced from real life in volving facts that can be

modeled in to mathematics. Mathematics education is devoted to understanding mathematical concepts and ideas which are then applied in routine and non routine problem solving through reasoning, communication, and connection development insed mathematics and outside mathematics it self [2].

Research counducted find students who have the basic ability level of the upper group, their visual representation ability is in the high category, their symbol representation ability is in the medium category, their verbalrepresentation abilityis in the low category. To find out the ability of informatics engineering students in thinking logically, critically, rationalist, efective, carefull and efective in solving mathematical problems, an analysis of mathematical represerntation is needed [3].

Tabel 1. Indicator of Students Mathematical Representation Ability

No	Aspects of Representation	Representation Ability Indicator
1	Visual Representation Table Chart	Students restate data or information from a representation to a table representation Students create charts to clarify problem and facilitate resolution
2	Symbol Representation	Student operate symbol and check how it is solved
3	Verbal Representation	Students answer question by explaining word or written text, the language used by students to explain something

Mathematics teaching and learning process stressed on understanding of concepts and skills in basic mathematic discrettes. Therefore understanding the basic mathematics discrettes concepts is important in the process of students' learnings. This research is to determine, through students final examination answer scripts (FEAS).

METHOD

The study used the descriptive techniq often include constructing tables of means and quantiles, measures of dispersion such as variance or standart deviation, and cross tabulations or crosstabs that can be used to examine many disprate hypotheses.. The researcher implemented the quantitative approach first, in order to identify the difficult item based on the data of the students responses toward the examination test item. Then, the researcher implemented the qualitative and quantitative methods. Data collection as the result of discrete mathematics learning outcomes, and mathematical learning difficulty questionnaire data, approach to identify the factors that caused the difficulties for the students long with the strategies that may be suggested toward the lecture and students so that they master the difficult test items [4].

The were 33 mathematics dicrettes students who seated for the final examinations. The students had been instructed to answer four from five questions in the final examinations. five questions were developed from all topics in the course and

questions 1 based from basic mathematics discrete. From the sample, only 33 students class information system 2I or class SI 2I answered question were chosen as the respondents. The demographic profile of respondents. The analysis research, are focused to the difficulties faced by students while studying discrete mathematics and the factors that cause difficulties themselves, category of error which are in multiplying the dividend by the reciprocal of the divisor, error in adding mathematics discrete fractions with the one denominator as a multiple of the other denominator, error in adding mathematics discrete fractions with the same denominator and error in simplifying mathematics discrete fractions to the lowest fraction. The analysis also focused of error which are wrong concept, wrong mathematical operation and carelessness as factors that cause difficulties themselves [5].

Soal Ujian Tengah Semester

Mata kuliah : Matematika Diskrit/Terapan
Sifat ujian : Open Book (buka buku)
Kelas : SI 2E, SI 2F, SI 2G, SI 2M, SI 2P dan SK 2C

Pertanyaan :

1. Tuliskan definisi Proposisi, Buatlah satu contoh kalimat beserta notasi \neg Proposisi Konjungsi, Proposisi Disjungsi dan Proposisi Ingkaran/negation.
2. Buatlah tabel kebenaran dari $(p \wedge q) \wedge \neg(p \vee q)$:
3. Tuliskan definisi jenis-jenis himpunan beserta notasi nya. Diketahui himpunan $U = \{2,3,4,7,8,9,11,13,15,17\}$, $A = \{3,4,9,13,15\}$ dan $B = \{2,3,7,9,13\}$. Buatlah ketiga himpunan tersebut kedalam diagram venn.
4. Kerjakanlah operasi aritmetika matriks dibawah ini :
A. $\begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 & 3 & 9 \\ 2 & 5 & 7 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 6 & -7 \\ 2 & 10 & -1 & 6 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 6 & 5 & 3 \\ -1 & 3 & 2 & 14 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 15 \end{bmatrix} =$
B. $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 4 & 2 \\ 5 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -3 & 2 \\ 8 & 3 & 11 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} =$
C. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} =$
5. Buatlah 2 contoh matriks setangkup dan 2 contoh matriks segitiga atas/bawah.

Image 1. Examine UTS (Examine middle semester)



Ujian Akhir Semester

Mata kuliah : Matematika Diskrit/Terapan
Sifat ujian : open book (buka buku)
Dosen Pengampu : Syartika Anggraeni, S.T., M.Si.

Pertanyaan :

1. Sebutkan sifat-sifat relasi dan tuliskan definisinya.
2. Selesaikan perkalian operasi aritmatika matriks dibawah ini :
a. $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 0 \\ 8 & 7 & 5 \end{bmatrix} =$
b. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} =$
3. Jika $R = \{(a,2), (a,6), (b,4), (c,4), (c,6),(c,8), (d,10)\}$ dan $S = \{(2,1), (4,2),(4,3),(6,3),(8,1),(10,2)\}$. Tentukan $S \circ R$ dan buatlah diagram panah nya.
4. Jika $P = \{2,3,4\}$ dan $Q = \{2,4,8,9,15\}$, Dimana $(p,q) \in R$ jika q kelipatan dari p . Buatlah hasil relasinya
5. Diketahui fungsi $f(x) = 4x - 1$ dan $g(x) = x^2 + 1$. Tentukan $f \circ g$ dan $g \circ f$

Image 2. Examine UAS (Examine last semester)

Data

The data in the study were the mathematics discrettes examinations test items sets and their responses, the factors that caused the students difficulties in completing the difficult test, items along with the strategies that the lecture and students may implemented in order to overcome the difficulties

The objective of this research is to determine, through students final examination answer scripts (FEAS), the error created by students as the are engaged in solving basic mathematics discrettes problems. The researchers are to identify students errors when multiplyng the dividend by the reciprocal of the devisor, adding discrettes fractions with the denominator as a multiple of the other denominator, adding fractions with the same denominator and simplifying discrettes fraction to the lowest fraction. The researchers also would like to find the types of errors made by students in solving the questions.

Research Question

- 1) What is students error in adding mathematic discrettes fractions with the one denominator as a multiple of the other denominator ?
- 2) What is the students error in adding mathematics discrettes fractions with the same denominator ?
- 3) What is the students error in simlifying mathematics discrettes fraction to the lowest fraction?
- 4) What are the types of errors made by students?

Examination value students UTS discrettes mathematics include independent task and quiz.

YAYASAN PENDIDIKAN ROYAL TELADAN ASAHAN (YPRTA)
SEKOLAH TINGGI MANAJEMEN INFORMATIKA DAN KOMPUTER
(STMIK) ROYAL

DAFTAR NILAI UJIAN TENGAH SEMESTER TA GENAP 2018/2019

MATA KULIAH		SIK207 - Matematika Diskrit (2 SKS)	HARI		Selasa	
DOSEN		SYARITKA ANGGRAINI, ST., M.Si	WAKTU		09:55 - 11:35	
SMSTR / KELAS		2 / SI / SI 21	RUANG		T3	
PROGRAM STUDI		Sistem Informatika(SI)	UJIAN / PERTEMUAN		UTS / 7	
No	NIM	Nama Mahasiswa	Tanda Tangan	TUGAS	QUIZ	UTS
1	18220140	ADE MELINDA SARI	1. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	71
2	18220249	AMANDA	2. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
3	18220226	ANISAH FITRIAH	3. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
4	18220227	ARISANDI	4. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
5	18220237	AYU RAMADANI	5. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
6	18220407	CANTIKA CHARITA	6. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	61
7	18220243	CICI SENTIKA PUTRI	7. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80
8	18220228	DANIL ADHA HASIBUAN	8. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80
9	18220238	DINDA APRILLIA	9. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
10	18220244	DWI ADWINA ADEI SERAIT	10. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	61
11	18220239	DWI FEBRIYANTI	11. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
12	18220246	DWI PUTRI	12. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
13	18220250	EKEN EZER SINAGA	13. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80
14	18220405	FIFI FERISYAH KARDAYANI	14. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
15	18220406	HADI DWI PUTRA PANE	15. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80
16	18220221	HANIF SYAHPUTRI	16. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
17	18220245	HIDAYAT	17. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
18	18220222	IRNA DEWI	18. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
19	18220138	ISNAINI ARDHANA PUTRI	19. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
20	18220228	LESKA MAWARINI	20. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
21	18220251	MALIKA SARI	21. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
22	18220250	MARIANA	22. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
23	18220232	MHD.HAFIZ ANSHORI	23. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	75
24	18220233	MUHAMMAD RANBY PRATAMA PASARIBU	24. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
25	18220224	MUHAMMAD AFRIZAL	25. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
26	18220225	MURRAYATI	26. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
27	18220615	RIHAN BAKALDI	27. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
28	18220240	RIZWAN SAI	28. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80
29	18220234	SITI FATIMAH	29. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
30	18220241	SRI WAHYUNI	30. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
31	18220408	YUDHA MAULANA	31. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	81
32	18220236	ZEPRI YANDI	32. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
33	18220242	ZIKI SURANTO	33. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80

Paraf Dosen Pengawas

Di tetapkan: *[Signature]* / 2019

Kisaran, 19 Agustus 2019

DR. H. MUH. SALEH MALAWAT, SE., MPA.
 Ketua

NB: Nilai Wajib Dinjurukan 1 (Satu) Minggu Setelah Ujian
 Di tetapkan Oleh : THE LESTARI / Pada Tgl 01-Apr-2019

Image 3. Value Examine UTS

Examination Value students UAS discretres mathematics include independent task and quiz.

**YAYASAN PENDIDIKAN ROYAL TELADAN ASAHAN
 SEKOLAH TINGGI MANAJEMEN INFORMATIKA DAN KOMPUTER
 (STMIK) ROYAL**

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DAFTAR NILAI UJIAN AKHIR SEMESTER TA GENAP 2018/2019

No	NIM	Nama Mahasiswa	Tanda Tangan	TUGAS	QUIZ	UAS
1	18220140	ADE MEILINDA SARI	1. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	85
2	18220249	ANANDA	2. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
3	18220226	ANISAH PETRIAN	3. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
4	18220227	ARISANDE	4. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	85
5	18220237	AYU RAMADANE	5. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
6	18220407	CANTIKA EMBARITA	6. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
7	18220243	CICI SENTIKA PUTRI	7. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
8	18220228	DANIEL ADHA HASIBUAN	8. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
9	18220238	DINDA APRILLIA	9. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
10	18220244	DWI ASWENA ASMI SIRAIT	10. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
11	18220229	DWI FEBRIYANTI	11. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
12	18220246	DWI PUTRI	12. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
13	18220230	EBEN EZER SINAGA	13. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
14	18220405	FIFI EFRISYAH HANDAYANI	14. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	80
15	18220406	HADI DWI PUTRA PANE	15. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
16	18220221	HANIF SYAHPUTRI	16. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	75
17	18220245	HIDAYAT	17. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
18	18220222	IRMA DEWI	18. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
19	18220126	ISNAINI ARDHANA PUTRI	19. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
20	18220223	LESMA HAWARNI	20. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
21	18220231	MALIKA SARI	21. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	85
22	18220250	MARIANA	22. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	85
23	18220232	MHD.HAFIZ ANSHORI	23. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
24	18220233	MUHAMMAD RANDY PRATAMA PASARIBU	24. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
25	18220224	MUHAMMAD AFRIZAL	25. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
26	18220225	MURAHAYATI	26. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
27	18220615	RIAN BARSALDI	27. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
28	18220240	RIZWAN SAI	28. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70
29	18220234	SITI FATIMAH	29. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	60
30	18220241	SRI WAHYUNI	30. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	85
31	18220408	YUDHA MAULANA	31. <i>[Signature]</i>	-	-	-
32	18220236	ZEFRI YANDI	32. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	65
33	18220242	ZIKI SUMANTO	33. <i>[Signature]</i>	80	80	70

Paraf Dosen Pengawas: *[Signature]*

Kisaran, _____ / 2019

SYARTIKA ANGGRAINI, ST., M.Si
 Dosen Pengantar
 NB: Nilai Wajib Ditungkatkan 1 (Satu) Minggu Setelah Ujian
 Ditetapkan Oleh: TRI LESTARI / Pada Tgl 23-May-2019
 Created by : stmik.stmikroyal.ac.id

DR. H. MUH. SALEH MALAWAT, SE., M.Ma.
 Kepala

Image 4. Value Examine UAS

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

Data were data were analysis using descriptive statistics to calculate percentage. Item analysis, to answer the first and fourth research questions which are what is the students error in multiplying the devidend by the reciprocal of the divisor and what is the students error in simplifying mathematics discretres fraction to the lowest fraction, the results as following :

$$Uw/t^2 : uw^2v/t \quad (1)$$

Solving method from the final examinations scheme:

Step 1 : $Uw/t^2 : uw^2v/t$

Step II : t^2/t

Answer : t/wt^3

Tabel 2. Analysis outcome students study disceretres mathematical information system

Method Value	Means Value	Category
Independent task	38.36	Less
Quiz	32.07	Very less
UTS	36.57	Less
UAS	49.79	Less

CONCLUSION

Based on the results of the discretess, it can be concluded that the mathematical representation of high, medium and low ability students of the information system study program, STMIK ROYAL in solving assignment problems in the discretess course is that high ability students can complete multiple representation, matrix using visual and symbolic proposition and arithmetic. and well, but lacks in verbal representation. Likewise for the discretess mathematical representation ability of students with moderate abilities is having multiple representation, doing well in visual and symbolic representation, but there are steps in solving that have been missed and still lacking in the implimentation of the final result which lies in the verbal

As a conclusion, finding from the reaserch indicate that lecturers have to emphasize more on simplifying basic mathematic discretess concept during delivering of lectures.

This research also is a expected to help the lecturer in varying effective teaching techniques and explaining to the students about types of errors should be avoided when solving mathematic discretess fraction problem.

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